

# CF from MPD detector

- Physics model: vHLLE AuAu  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=11.5$  GeV 0-5%
- MC: GEANT+MPD root
- Statistics:  $1e4$  events
- Reconstructed CF (problem is fixed)
- Anti-merging and anti-splitting  $\Delta\eta$  —  $\Delta\phi$  cut

# recCF\_fto.cxx

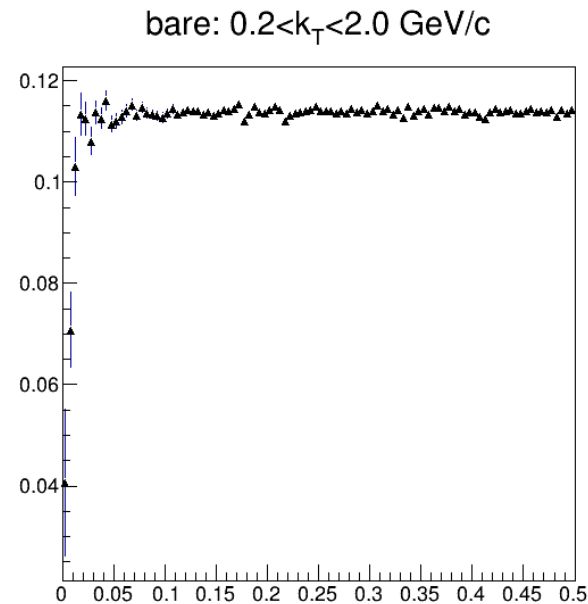
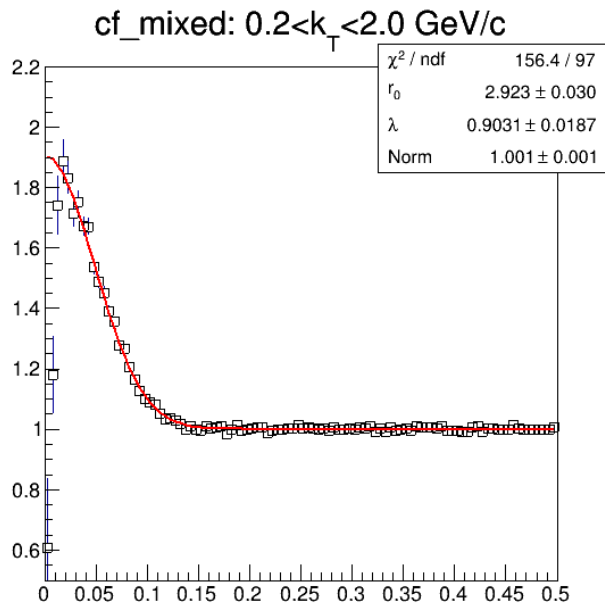
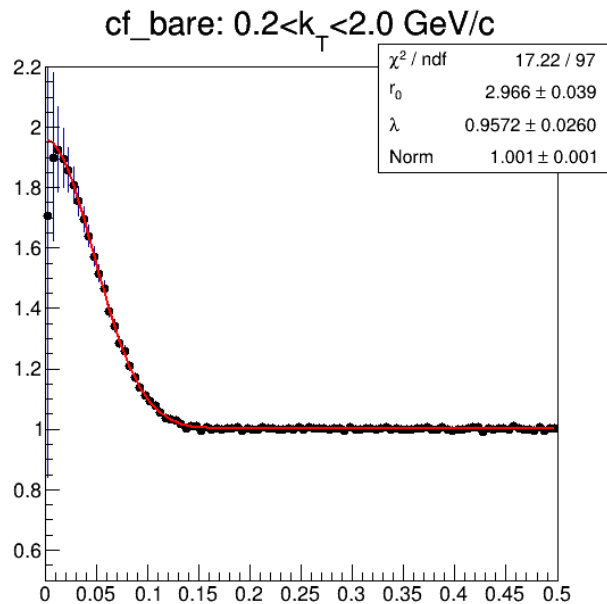
```
MpdTrack *track = (MpdTrack*) event->GetGlobalTracks()->UncheckedAt(iTrack);
if( !track ) continue;// Check that track exists
if( !isGoodTrack( track ) ) continue;// Apply track cut
FairMCTrack *mcTr = (FairMCTrack*) mctrack->UncheckedAt(track->GetID());
if( !mcTr ) continue;
if( mcTr->GetPdgCode()!=cPDG )continue;
if( mcTr->GetMotherId()!=-1 )continue;//primary?
if( track->GetPidProbPion()<0.99 )continue;
pa[it].mf.SetXYZM(track->GetPx(),track->GetPy(),track->GetPz(),cMas);//Reco track
pa[it].mi.SetXYZM(mcTr->GetPx(),mcTr->GetPy(),mcTr->GetPz(),cMas);//MC track
//pa[it].mi.SetXYZM(gRandom->Gaus(0,0.1),gRandom->Gaus(0,0.1),gRandom->Gaus(0,0.1),cMas);//test
pa[it].id=mcTr->GetPdgCode();
pa[it].pac.SetXYZ(track->GetFirstPointX(),track->GetFirstPointY(),track->GetFirstPointZ());
pa[it].ev=k;
pa[it].co.SetXYZT(gRandom->Gaus(0,cR0),gRandom->Gaus(0,cR0),gRandom->Gaus(0,cR0),0);
```

# recCF\_fto.cxx

QS femoscopy weight:  $1 + \cos(\Delta x * \Delta p)$   
 $x$  and  $p$  should be in the same system

```
//Boost to PRF----->
  TLorentzVector a=pa[i].mi;//MC track
  TLorentzVector b=pa[j].mi;//MC track
  Double_t Qinvmc=EposFemtoQinv4vec(a,b);
  Double_t bx = ( a.Px() + b.Px() ) / ( a.E() + b.E() );
  Double_t by = ( a.Py() + b.Py() ) / ( a.E() + b.E() );
  Double_t bz = ( a.Pz() + b.Pz() ) / ( a.E() + b.E() );
  TVector3 vPRF ;
  vPRF.SetXYZ(bx, by, bz);
  a.Boost(-vPRF); // go to
  b.Boost(-vPRF); // PRF
```

# CFs: no $\Delta\eta$ — $\Delta\phi^*$ cut



# $\Delta\eta - \Delta\phi^*$ cut (ALICE)

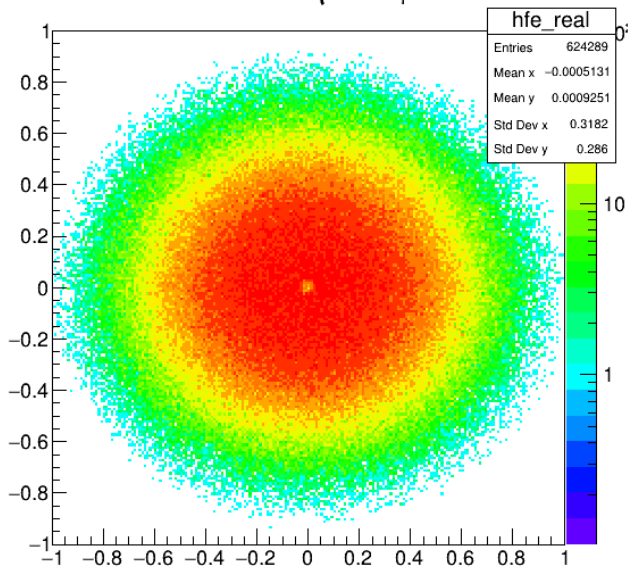
- To obtain the actual angular distance of two tracks in the transverse plane at a given cylindrical radius  $R$  the bending inside the magnetic field has to be taken into account.

$$\Delta\phi^* = \phi_1 - \phi_2 + \arcsin\left(\frac{z \cdot e \cdot B_z \cdot R}{2p_{T1}}\right) - \arcsin\left(\frac{z \cdot e \cdot B_z \cdot R}{2p_{T2}}\right)$$

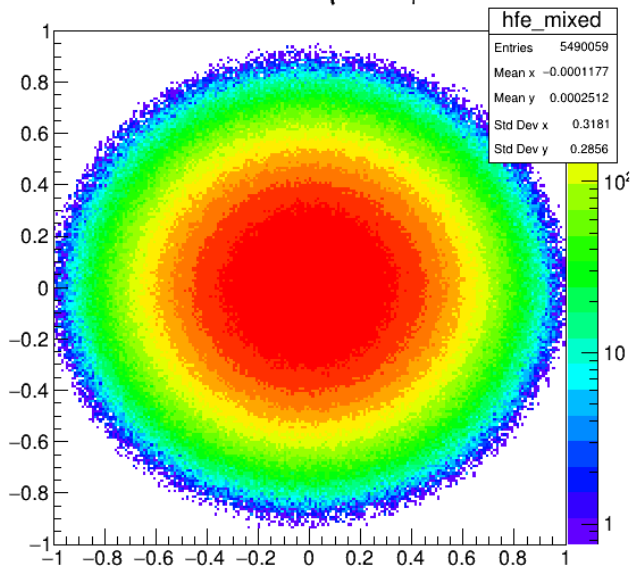
- $\phi_1$  and  $\phi_2$  are the azimuthal angles of the tracks at the vertex,  $p_{T1}$  and  $p_{T2}$  are their transverse momenta.  $e$  stands for the elementary charge and is  $-0.3$  in Heaviside-Lorentz units.  $B_z$  indicates the magnetic field in  $z$  direction.

# $\Delta\eta$ — $\Delta\phi^*$ (no cut)

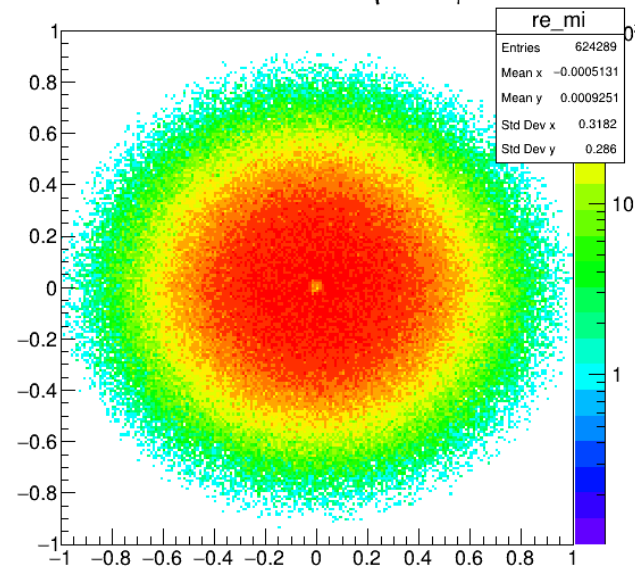
Real:  $\Delta\eta$  vs  $\Delta\phi$



Mixed:  $\Delta\eta$  vs  $\Delta\phi$

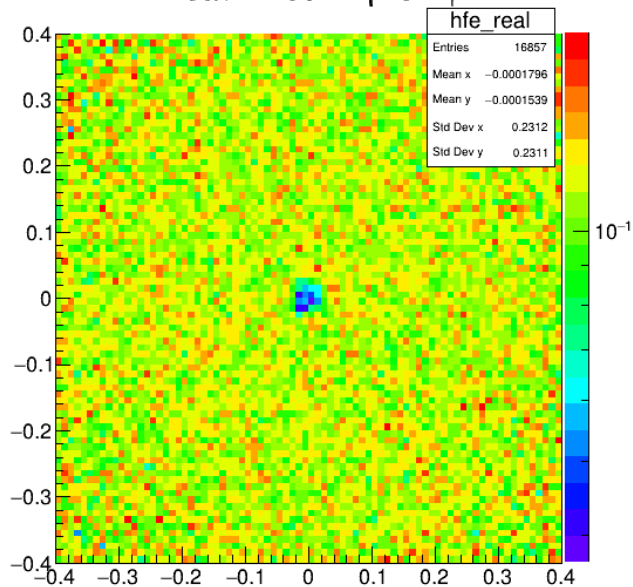


Real/Mixed:  $\Delta\eta$  vs  $\Delta\phi$

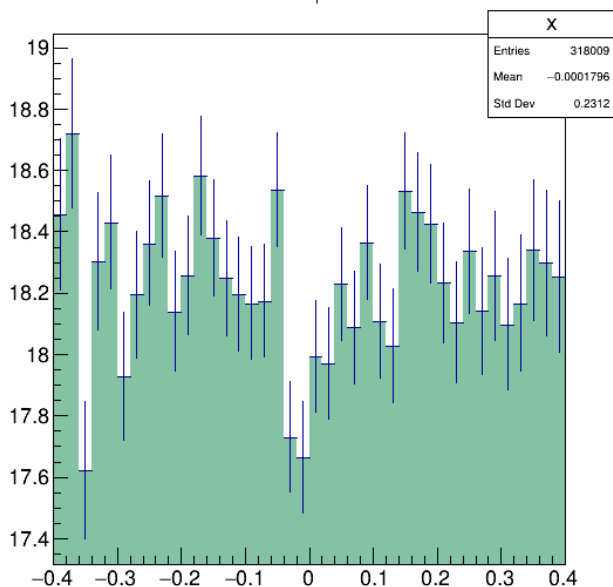


# $\Delta\eta - \Delta\phi^*$ (no cut)

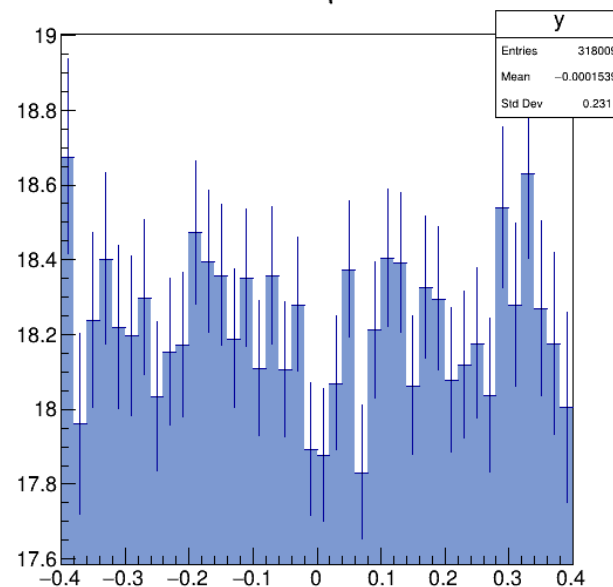
Real/Mixed:  $\Delta\eta$  vs  $\Delta\phi$



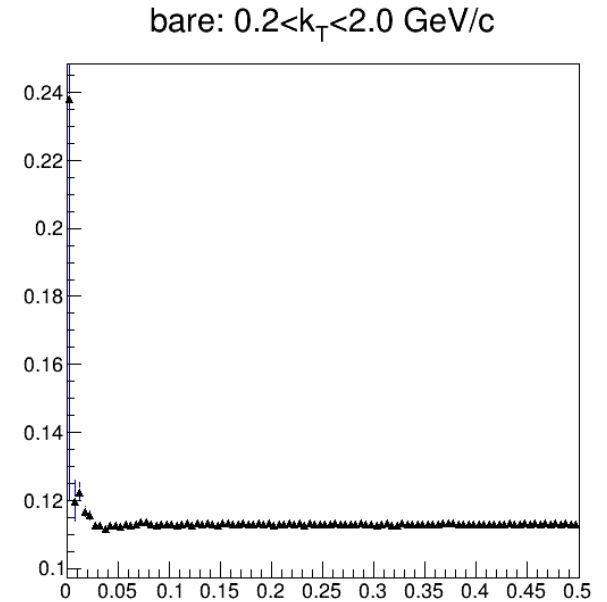
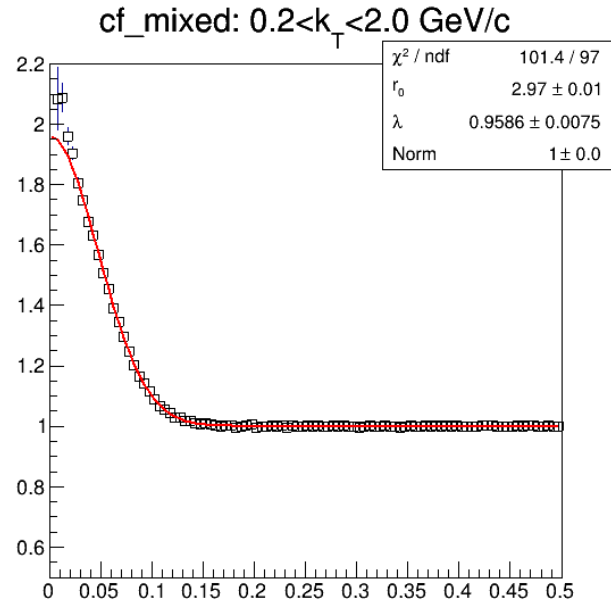
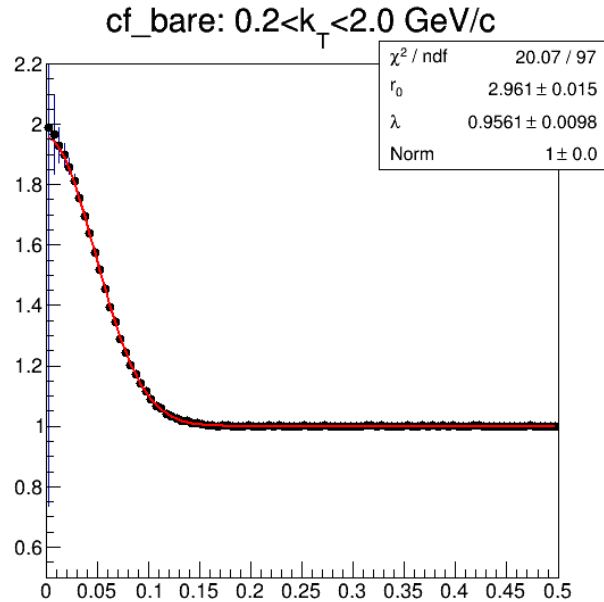
$\Delta\phi$



$\Delta\eta$



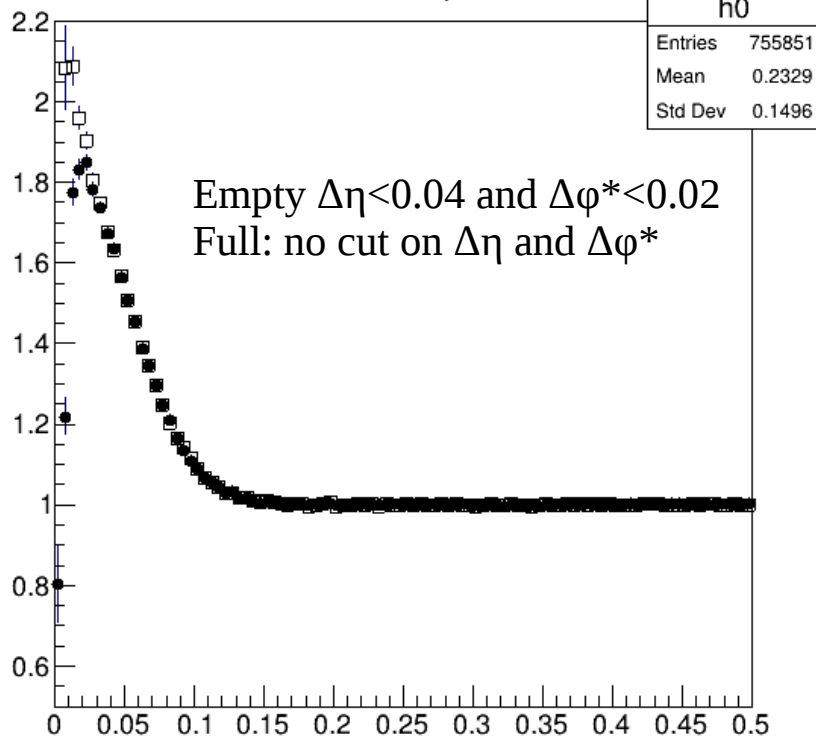
# CFs: $\Delta\eta < 0.04$ and $\Delta\varphi^* < 0.02$





# CFs: $\Delta\eta < 0.04$ and $\Delta\phi^* < 0.02$

cf\_mixed:  $0.2 < k_T < 2.0$  GeV/c



bare:  $0.2 < k_T < 2.0$  GeV/c

